In 2011–12, the higher education sector generated over £73 billion of output (both direct and indirect effects).

The UK’s higher education sector makes a significant contribution to the national economy.

Higher education contributed 2.8% of UK GDP in 2011 (up from 2.3% in 2007)...

... and generated 2.7% of all UK employment in 2011 (up from 2.6% in 2007).

In 2011–12, the higher education sector generated 757,268 full-time equivalent jobs.

For every 100 full-time jobs at universities, another 117 full-time jobs are generated in other sectors of the economy.

In 2011–12, the higher education sector contributed 2.8% of UK GDP and generated 2.7% of all UK employment.

In 2011–12, UK universities employed 378,250 people in 2011, just over 1% of all UK employment in 2011.

In 2011–12, less than half of all revenue to universities was from public sources.
In 2011–12, the higher education sector as a whole generated an estimated £10.7 billion of export earnings for the UK.

UK universities attracted 435,235 students from outside the UK in 2011–12. 70% were from outside the EU.

International students buy goods and services off-campus. In 2011–12 their estimated expenditure was £4.9 billion, £3.4 billion of which was from non-EU students alone.

Expenditure by international students on fees and accommodation amounted to £4.4 billion in 2011–12. £3.8 billion was from non-EU students alone.

Nearly 20% of the output generated by the higher education sector can be attributed to the enrolment of non-EU students (£13.9 billion of £73 billion).

In 2011–12, the higher education sector generated 757,268 full-time equivalent jobs – 18% of these jobs can be attributed to the enrolment of non-EU students (136,639 jobs).

For the full set of reports on the impact of higher education institutions on the UK economy, visit: www.universitiesuk.ac.uk
In 2011–12, universities in the East of England generated output of £2.5 billion. When combined with the impact of spending of international students and students from other parts of the UK, universities generated total regional GVA of £3.5 billion in 2011–12. This was equivalent to 3.1% of total 2011 East of England GVA.

HIGHER EDUCATION INSTITUTIONS: 9

£2.5bn

52,405 students

In 2011–12, universities attracted 52,405 students from other parts of the UK to study in the East of England.

62,840 jobs

The East of England’s higher education institutions, together with the spending of international students and students from other parts of the UK, generated 62,840 jobs in 2011–12. This was equivalent to 2.2% of the 2012 East of England workforce in employment.

£3.5bn

When combined with the impact of spending of international students and students from other parts of the UK, universities generated total regional GVA of £3.5 billion in 2011–12. This was equivalent to 3.1% of total 2011 East of England GVA.

£3.4bn

As well as output of £2.5 billion, through knock-on effects universities in the East of England generated an additional £3.4 billion in other industries throughout the UK in 2011–12.

The majority of these effects (£3.1 billion) were in the East of England.
In 2011–12, universities in the East Midlands generated output of £1.7 billion.

When combined with the impact of spending of international students and students from other parts of the UK, universities generated total regional GVA of £2.7 billion in 2011–12. This was equivalent to 3.3% of total 2011 East Midlands GVA.

HIGHER EDUCATION INSTITUTIONS: 9

In 2011–12, universities in the East Midlands generated output of £1.7 billion. This was equivalent to 2.5% of the 2012 East Midlands workforce in employment.

NEW STUDENTS ARRIVE

84,695 students

In 2011–12, universities attracted 84,695 students from other parts of the UK to study in the East Midlands.

JOBS GENERATED

53,220 jobs

The East Midlands’ higher education institutions, together with the spending of international students and students from other parts of the UK, generated 53,220 jobs in 2011–12. This was equivalent to 2.5% of the 2012 East Midlands workforce in employment.

LOCAL ECONOMY

£2.7bn

When combined with the impact of spending of international students and students from other parts of the UK, universities generated total regional GVA of £2.7 billion in 2011–12. This was equivalent to 3.3% of total 2011 East Midlands GVA.

£2.3bn

As well as output of £1.7 billion, through knock-on effects universities in the East Midlands generated an additional £2.3 billion in other industries throughout the UK in 2011–12. The majority of these effects (£1.9 billion) were in the East Midlands.

For the full set of reports on the impact of higher education institutions on the UK economy, visit: www.universitiesuk.ac.uk
In 2011–12, universities in London generated output of £5.8 billion.

HIGHER EDUCATION INSTITUTIONS: 40

NEW STUDENTS ARRIVE

113,995 students
In 2011–12, universities attracted 113,995 students from other parts of the UK to study in London.

JOBS GENERATED

145,921 jobs
London’s higher education institutions, together with the spending of international students and students from other parts of the UK, generated 145,921 jobs in 2011–12.

This was equivalent to 3.7% of the 2012 London workforce in employment.

LOCAL ECONOMY

£7.9bn
When combined with the impact of spending of international students and students from other parts of the UK, universities generated total regional GVA of £7.9 billion in 2011–12.

This was equivalent to 2.8% of total 2011 London GVA.

As well as output of £5.8 billion, through knock-on effects universities in London generated an additional £7.9 billion in other industries throughout the UK in 2011–12.

The majority of these effects (£5.9 billion) were in London.

For the full set of reports on the impact of higher education institutions on the UK economy, visit: www.universitiesuk.ac.uk
In 2011–12, universities in the North East of England generated output of £1.1 billion. When combined with the impact of spending of international students and students from other parts of the UK, universities generated total regional GVA of £1.6 billion in 2011–12. This was equivalent to 3.8% of total 2011 North East GVA.

As well as output of £1.1 billion, through knock-on effects universities in the North East of England generated an additional £1.5 billion in other industries throughout the UK in 2011–12. The majority of these effects (£1.1 billion) were in the North East of England.

The North East of England’s higher education institutions, together with the spending of international students and students from other parts of the UK, generated 32,246 jobs in 2011–12. This was equivalent to 2.8% of the 2012 North East of England workforce in employment.

In 2011–12, universities in the North East of England generated output of £1.1 billion. In 2011–12, universities attracted 40,505 students from other parts of the UK to study in the North East of England.

For the full set of reports on the impact of higher education institutions on the UK economy, visit: www.universitiesuk.ac.uk
In 2011–12, universities in the North West of England generated output of £2.6 billion. When combined with the impact of spending of international students and students from other parts of the UK, universities generated total regional GVA of £3.9 billion in 2011–12. This was equivalent to 3.1% of total 2011 North West GVA.

As well as output of £2.6 billion, through knock-on effects universities in the North West of England generated an additional £3.5 billion in other industries throughout the UK in 2011–12. The majority of these effects (£2.9 billion) were in the North West of England.

80,030 students

In 2011–12, universities attracted 80,030 students from other parts of the UK to study in the North West of England.

74,218 jobs

The North West of England’s higher education institutions, together with the spending of international students and students from other parts of the UK, generated 74,218 jobs in 2011–12. This was equivalent to 2.3% of the 2012 North West of England workforce in employment.
In 2011–12, universities in the South East of England generated output of £3.8 billion. When combined with the impact of spending of international students and students from other parts of the UK, universities generated total regional GVA of £5.7 billion in 2011–12. This was equivalent to 3% of total 2011 South East of England GVA.

As well as output of £3.8 billion, through knock-on effects universities in the South East of England generated an additional £5.1 billion in other industries throughout the UK in 2011–12. The majority of these effects (£4.5 billion) were in the South East of England.

In 2011–12, universities in the South East of England generated an additional £5.1 billion in other industries throughout the UK in 2011–12. The majority of these effects (£4.5 billion) were in the South East of England.

Higher Education Institutions: 18

**New Students Arrive**

- **98,170 students**
  - In 2011–12, universities attracted 98,170 students from other parts of the UK to study in the South East of England.

**Jobs Generated**

- **110,331 jobs**
  - The South East of England’s higher education institutions, together with the spending of international students and students from other parts of the UK, generated 110,331 jobs in 2011–12.
  - This was equivalent to 2.6% of the 2012 South East of England workforce in employment.

**Local Economy**

- **£5.7 billion**
  - When combined with the impact of spending of international students and students from other parts of the UK, universities generated total regional GVA of £5.7 billion in 2011–12.
  - This was equivalent to 3% of total 2011 South East of England GVA.

- **£5.1 billion**
  - As well as output of £3.8 billion, through knock-on effects universities in the South East of England generated an additional £5.1 billion in other industries throughout the UK in 2011–12.
  - The majority of these effects (£4.5 billion) were in the South East of England.
In 2011–12, universities in the South West of England generated output of £1.7 billion.

When combined with the impact of spending of international students and students from other parts of the UK, universities generated total regional GVA of £2.7 billion in 2011–12. This was equivalent to 2.6% of total 2011 South West of England GVA.

As well as output of £1.7 billion, through knock-on effects universities in the South West of England generated an additional £2.2 billion in other industries throughout the UK in 2011–12. The majority of these effects (£1.9 billion) were in the South West of England.
In 2011–12, universities in the West Midlands generated output of £1.95 billion.

When combined with the impact of spending of international students and students from other parts of the UK, universities generated total regional GVA of £2.9 billion in 2011–12. This was equivalent to 3% of total 2011 West Midlands GVA.

As well as output of £1.95 billion, through knock-on effects universities in the West Midlands generated an additional £2.6 billion in other industries throughout the UK in 2011–12. The majority of these effects (£1.9 billion) were in the West Midlands.

HIGHER EDUCATION INSTITUTIONS: 12

NEW STUDENTS ARRIVE

£1.95bn

76,580 students

In 2011–12, universities attracted 76,580 students from other parts of the UK to study in the West Midlands.

JOBS GENERATED

55,355 jobs

The West Midlands' higher education institutions, together with the spending of international students and students from other parts of the UK, generated 55,355 jobs in 2011–12. This was equivalent to 2.2% of the 2012 West Midlands workforce in employment.

LOCAL ECONOMY

£2.9bn

When combined with the impact of spending of international students and students from other parts of the UK, universities generated total regional GVA of £2.9 billion in 2011–12. This was equivalent to 3% of total 2011 West Midlands GVA.

£2.6bn

As well as output of £1.95 billion, through knock-on effects universities in the West Midlands generated an additional £2.6 billion in other industries throughout the UK in 2011–12. The majority of these effects (£1.9 billion) were in the West Midlands.
In 2011–12, universities in Yorkshire & Humberside generated output of £2.2 billion.

When combined with the impact of spending of international students and students from other parts of the UK, universities generated total regional GVA of £3.2 billion in 2011–12. This was equivalent to 3.5% of total 2011 Yorkshire & Humberside GVA.

In 2011–12, universities in Yorkshire & Humberside attracted 94,430 students from other parts of the UK to study in Yorkshire & Humberside. This was equivalent to 2.5% of the 2012 Yorkshire & Humberside workforce in employment.

As well as output of £2.2 billion, through knock-on effects universities in Yorkshire & Humberside generated an additional £2.8 billion in other industries throughout the UK in 2011–12. The majority of these effects (£2.1 billion) were in Yorkshire & Humberside.

For the full set of reports on the impact of higher education institutions on the UK economy, visit: www.universitiesuk.ac.uk